

Definitions – Conduct

The terms defined below apply to all policies included in Golf Canada's Safe Sport Policies. Additional terms are defined in the UCCMS

- 1. Abuse Includes, but not limited to, Psychological Maltreatment, Physical Maltreatment, Neglect, and/or Grooming of Vulnerable Participants by Persons in Authority and which can have the following warning signs:
 - Recurrent unexplained injuries
 - Alert behaviour; child seems to always be expecting something bad to happen
 - Often wears clothing that covers up their skin, even in warm weather
 - Child startles easily, shies away from touch or shows other skittish behaviour
 - Constantly seems fearful or anxious about doing something wrong
 - Withdrawn from peers and adults
 - Behavior fluctuates between extremes (e.g., extremely cooperative or extremely demanding)
 - Acting either inappropriately beyond their age (like an adult; taking care of other children) or inappropriately younger than their age (like an infant; throwing tantrums)
 - Acting out in an inappropriate sexual way with toys or objects
 - New adult words for body parts and no obvious source j)
 - Self-harm (e.g., cutting, burning or other harmful activities)
 - Not wanting to be alone with a particular child or young person
- 2. Bullying Offensive behaviour and/or abusive treatment of an Organizational Participant that typically, but not always, involves an abuse of power.
- 3. **Discrimination** Behaviour, policies and/or practices that contribute to differential, inequitable, adverse or otherwise inappropriate treatment of or impact on an individual or class of individuals based on one or more prohibited grounds which include race, citizenship, national or ethnic origin, colour, Indigeneity, religion, age, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity or expression, pregnancy, marital status, family status, language, genetic characteristics, or disability and analogous grounds. Behaviour, policies, and/or practices specifically benefitting members of marginalized groups shall not be considered Discrimination. Discrimination does not include behaviour, policies and/or practices rationally connected to legitimate sport objectives with honest and good faith belief that they are reasonably necessary to accomplish the relevant objectives, provided that accommodation of the needs of an individual or a class of individuals affected would impose undue hardship on the Organizational Participant and/or Golf Canada that would have to accommodate those needs, considering health, safety, cost and legitimate sport objectives.. Discrimination can include overt or subtle forms of harm that uniquely define the adverse or inequitable experiences of marginalized persons. Discrimination does not require an intention to cause harm.
- 4. *Harassment* A course of vexatious comment or conduct, which is known or ought reasonably to be known to be unwelcome. Types of behaviour that constitute Harassment include, but are not limited to:

- a) Written or verbal abuse, threats, or outbursts;
- b) Persistent unwelcome remarks, jokes, comments, innuendo, or taunts;
- Racial harassment, which is racial slurs, jokes, name calling, or insulting behaviour or terminology that reinforces stereotypes or discounts abilities because of racial or ethnic origin;
- d) Leering or other suggestive or obscene gestures;
- e) Condescending or patronizing behaviour which is intended to undermine self-esteem, diminish performance or adversely affect working conditions;
- f) Practical jokes which endanger a person's safety, or may negatively affect performance;
- g) Hazing which is any form of conduct which exhibits any potentially humiliating, degrading, abusive, or dangerous activity expected of a junior-ranking individual by a more senior individual, which does not contribute to either individual's positive development, but is required to be accepted as part of a team or group, regardless of the junior-ranking individual's willingness to participate. This includes, but is not limited to, any activity, no matter how traditional or seemingly benign, that sets apart or alienates any teammate or group member based on class, number of years on the team or with the group, or ability;
- h) Unwanted physical contact including, but not limited to, touching, petting, pinching, or kissing;
- i) Deliberately excluding or socially isolating a person from a group or team;
- j) Persistent sexual flirtations, advances, requests, or invitations;
- k) Physical or sexual assault;
- I) Contributing to a *poisoned sport environment*, which can include:
 - a. Locations where material that is discriminatory is displayed (e.g., sexually explicit posters and racial/racist cartoons)
 - b. Groups where harassing behaviour is part of the normal course of activities
 - c. Behaviour that causes embarrassment, awkwardness, endangers a person's safety or negatively affects performance.
- m) Behaviours such as those described above that are not directed towards a specific person or group but have the same effect of creating a negative or hostile environment; and
- n) Retaliation or threats of retaliation against a person who reports harassment to Golf Canada
- 5. Maltreatment and Prohibited Behaviours as defined in the UCCMS.

- 6. **Workplace Harassment** Vexatious comment or conduct against a worker in a Workplace that is known or ought reasonably to be known to be unwelcome. Workplace Harassment should not be confused with legitimate, reasonable management actions that are part of the normal work/training function, including measures to correct performance deficiencies, such as placing someone on a performance improvement plan, or imposing discipline for workplace infractions. Types of behaviour that constitute Workplace Harassment include, but are not limited to:
 - a) Bullying:
 - b) Workplace pranks, vandalism, bullying or hazing;
 - c) Repeated offensive or intimidating phone calls or emails;
 - d) Inappropriate sexual touching, advances, suggestions or requests;
 - e) Displaying or circulating offensive pictures, photographs or materials in printed or electronic form;
 - f) Psychological abuse;
 - g) Excluding or ignoring someone, including persistent exclusion of a person from work-related social gatherings;
 - h) Deliberately withholding information that would enable a person to do his or her job, perform or train;
 - i) Sabotaging someone else's work or performance;
 - Gossiping or spreading malicious rumours;
 - k) Intimidating words or conduct (offensive jokes or innuendos); and
 - I) Words or actions which are known, or ought reasonably to be known, as offensive, embarrassing, humiliating, or demeaning.
- 1. Workplace Violence The use of or threat of physical force by a person against a worker in a Workplace that causes or could cause physical injury to the worker; an attempt to exercise physical force against a worker in a Workplace that could cause physical injury to the worker; or a statement or behaviour that it is reasonable for a worker to interpret as a threat to exercise physical force against the worker in a Workplace that could cause physical injury to the worker. Types of behaviour that constitute Workplace Violence include, but are not limited to:
 - a) Verbal or written threats to attack;
 - b) Sending to or leaving threatening notes or emails;
 - c) Physically threatening behaviour such as shaking a fist at someone, finger pointing, destroying property, or throwing objects;
 - d) Wielding a weapon in a Workplace:
 - e) Hitting, pinching or unwanted touching which is not accidental;
 - f) Dangerous or threatening horseplay;
 - g) Physical restraint or confinement;
 - h) Blatant or intentional disregard for the safety or wellbeing of others;
 - i) Blocking normal movement or physical interference, with or without the use of equipment;
 - i) Sexual assault; and
 - k) Any attempt to engage in the type of conduct outlined above.